# Ibuprofen Calorofen<sup>®</sup> Suspension

- This medicine brings down high temperature (also called fever) and relieves pain such as muscular pain, iteadache, enanche, diental pain, backache and symptoms of cold and thu, monthe, chiedman and duttes. The ache ingredient in this medicine is buyeriore which is a non-steroidal ami-infammatory (MSAID) painkliker. Follow the dosage instructions carefully. Children of different ages need different names. These are are shown in the table. See section 3 Speak to your doctor if anything in this list applies: If a child spins from any of the conditions methodined in section 2.
- See section 2 ► If a child is taking aspirin at doses of above 75 mg a day. e section 2 🕨
- See section 2 + If a child is taking any other mediances. See section 2 + If a child is ado getting better, or needs more medicine than shown in the table. See section 3 + If a child gette a rash, treathing problems, diarthoea or gets very tired. See section 3 + If the symptoms persist oversom. See section 3 + If the symptoms persist product and speak to your doctor't you are trying to get program, suspect you are pregnant, are pregnant or are breast-feeding. See section 2

- Now read this whole leaflet carefully before you use this medicine. Keep the leaflet: you might need it again.

## 1 What the medicine is for

Ibuprofen belongs to a group of medicines called non-steroidal anti-inflammatory painkillers (NSAIDs)

The Ihunrofen in CAL PROFEN® is used as an analoesic for relief of mild to •••• Supportion in Vector/Duration is used as an analgesise for relief of mild to moderate muscular pain, symptomatic relief of headache, earche, dental pain, backache and relieves the symptoms of cold and flu. It can also be used in minor injuries such as sprains and strains. CALPROFEN® also brings down a high temperature including post-immunisation fever.

## 2 Before giving the medicine to your

child This product is suitable for most people but a few people should not use it. If you are in any doubt you should contact your doctor or pharmacist. X Do not give your child this medicine...

- U on otgive your child this medicine... If she has even thad a bad reaction (e.g. astima, runny nose, swelling of face, tongue and throat, rash) after taking buprolen, any of the other imprédents (see section (b. asgeint) or if she tongue and the section (b. asgeint) and the if she is taking any other and -thinamatory painkillers (NSAIDs) or asgint with a daily does above 75 mg. If she has taking any other and -thinamatory painkillers (NSAIDs) or asgeint with a daily does above 75 mg. If she has taking even kidleng, has that or wor more exploseds of a stomach ulcer, performation or bleeding.
- IN OTHE TIAS Severe kidney, heart or liver failure.
   If any of these apply, get advice from a doctor or pharmacist without using CALPROFEN<sup>®</sup>.

# Talk to your doctor or pharmacist...

- If your child has or has previously had high blood pressure, heart problems or a stroke because there is a small increased risk of
- problems of a stroke because there is a small increased risk of heart problems with Exporten. In the stroke of the stroke of the stroke of the stroke of the problems of a suffers from diabetes, has high cholesteroil. If your child has asthma or altergrid cleases of the lungs. If your child has asthma or altergrid cleases of the lungs. If your child stroke of bady stroke of the stroke of the stroke problems, or is debydrated. If your child suffers from alterois inflammatory bowel disease

- such as Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis. If your child is taking any other medicines including:
- low-dose aspirin (up to 75 mg a day). diuretics (drugs to help you pass water e.g. bendroflumethiazide).
  - e.g. bendroflumethiazlde). anticaquiants (drugs that thin the blood, such as warfarin). antihypertensives (drugs used to treat high blood pressure, such as verapamil or propranolo). ithium (used to treat mood disorders). methotrexate (used to treat arthritis, some types of cancer
- and neoriasis)
- ioriasis). dine (used to treat HIV).

- addividure (uside to treat HM). cordicateroids (page of anti-inflammatory drugs, e.g. hydrocortisone). cardiac phycoside (orage used in the treatment of heart failure and arrhythmias (alanoma heart rhythm) e.g. byowin). e.g. following a transplant). miterpristore (used for termination of pregnanoy). e.g. optomican particles (used to treat a wide range of inflections, e.g. Gordbaach). Safe and for termination of pregnanoy). e.g. Safe antidepresente (e.g. fluowetine).

- SxH antucepressants (e.g. tuoxetine). antiplatelet (trags (e.g. cloyidogrel). tacrolimus (a transplant drug). any other lbuprofen preparations or NSAID painkillers, including those you can buy without a prescription.
- If you are not sure about any of the medicines your child is taking, show the bottle or pack to your pharmacist. If any of these bullet points apply, talk to a doctor or pharmacist.

If your child experiences the following, stop giving this medicine immediately and contact your doctor
 Serious skin reactions have been reported in association with this medicine. If your child develops any skin rash, leators of the macous membranes, listers or other signs of allery since this can be the first signs of a very securities skin reaction. See section 4.

- The the first signs of a very serious sion reaction, see section 4. If adults table this medicine in the above varnings and information apply and in addition the following: first the normal section of the series of the section of the section of the units of the section of the section of the section of the section chances of becoming pregnant, however, the lyour deciro the for-tating this medicine if you have probleme becoming pregnant, taking this medicine if you have probleme becoming pregnant. The first of pregnang.

- You should only take this product on a doctor's advice during the thirst 6 months of pregnancy.
   Do KOT Take theyoffer if you make the last 7 months of pregnancy Do KOT Take theyoffer if you make the last 7 months of pregnancy Seek is your doctor or pharmacrite table table using this product if you are eldenly or are a smoker.
   Sodum methylightoropherosate (2219) and sodum Some of the ingredients can cause problems
   Sodum methylightoropherosate (2219) and sodum could possible be delayed.
   This product contains matibiliti. If you have been hold by your doctor that you have an info@make to ans usages, contain your doctor that you have a minite same to ans usages.
- This medicine contains 4.67 mg propylene glycol (E1520) in each
- 5 ml dose, which is equivalent to 0.93 mg/ml.
   This medicinal product contains small amounts of ethanol (alcohol), less than 100 mg per 5 ml dose.

#### How to use this medicine 3

Check the information below to see how much medicine to use.
 Always shake the bottle throughly before use.
 Do not use more medicine than shown in the instructions below.
 Always use the syring supplied with the pack.

## How to use the syringe

Other effects reported include:

5 Storing this medicine Do not take your medicine after the expiry date shown on the bottle. Do not store above 25°C. Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

6 Further Information

The active ingredient is: Ibuprofen 100 mg per 5 ml.

What's in this medicine?

What the medicine looks like

This leaflet was revised October 2019.

CALPROFEN® is a registered trade mark.

McNeil)

If your child experiences any side-effects not included in this leaflet or you are not sure about anything, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. fou can also report side-effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.ovu.ki/vellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google

Vay or Apple App Store. By reporting side-effects you can help provide more information on the safety

Other ingredients are: Glycerol (E422), xanthan gum, maltitol (E965), polysorbate 80, saccharin sodium (E954), citric acid monohydrate, sodium

methylhydroxybenzoate (E219), sodium propylhydroxybenzoate (E217), purified water. The flavouring is strawberry (containing propylene glycol (E1520) and ethanol).

CALPROFEN® is a whitish liquid available in 200 ml bottles. It contains 100 mg of the active ingredient Ibuprofen in every 5 ml of medicine.

Product Licence holder: McNeil Products Ltd, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SI 6, 311G, UK

For further information please contact: McNeil Products Ltd, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 3UG, UK

The manufacturer is McNeil Iberica S.L.U., 28805 Madrid, Spain.

XXXXX

Reporting of side-effects: If you get any side-effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse

high blood pressure

of this medicir

Shake the bottle for at least 10 seconds and remove

 There is a plug with a hole in the neck of the bottle. Insert the end of the syringe in to the hole and ensure it is secure

 Hold the syringe in place and turn the bottle upside down and gently pull down the plunger to either 2.5 ml or 5 ml as appropriate (see tables for the and the second correct dose)

Turn the bottle the right way up.

 Remove the syringe by holding onto the bottle and twisting out gently. turn over 🕨

#### Place the syringe inside the child's mouth against the cheek and press the plunger slowly to gently release the medicine

After use, the plug should remain in the neck of the bottle. Wipe the plug and neck clean and rinse the cap before replacing.

# The syringe should be washed and dried after use. It should be cleaned by hand without removing the plunger

Babies under 3 months Do not give to babies under 3 months. Consult your doctor.

### Children from 3 months to 12 years

For Pain and Fever Relief

- 3 months 6 months 2.5 ml 3 times a day. Do not use for more than 24 hours weighing over 5 kg
   6 months - 1 year
- 2.5 ml 3 times a day 2.5 ml 3 or 4 times a day 1 year - 2 years
- 5 ml 3 or 4 times a day 3 years - 7 years
- 10 ml (5 ml + 5 ml) 3 or 4 times a day 8 years - 12 years Doses should usually be given every 6 - 8 hours. Leave at least 4 hours between doses
- Short term use only:
   Do not give to babies aged from 3 months to under 6 months for more
- than 24 hours. Do not give to children aged 6 months or over for more than 3 days. If symptoms persist or worsen consult your doct

#### For Post-Immunisation Fever

Dos Babies and children 2.5 ml up to twice a day

## 3 months and over weighing over 5 kg

- If necessary, the second dose should be given 6 hours after the first one.
  Do not give more than 2 doses in 24 hours.
  Do not give to a child under 3 months unless recommended by
- your doctor. If the fever is not reduced you should consult your doctor.

## Speak to your doctor

 If your baby needs more than the dose shown in the table, or if the fever doesn't go away, speak to your doctor as soon as possible.
 If you are not sure of your child's illness or it is accompanied by a rash, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea or excessive tiredness or lethargy, speak to your doctor straight away. Do not give CALPROFEN® until you get medical advice.

### If anyone has taken too much

If anyone has taken too much of this product, contact a doctor or your leaflet and pack with you.

# The symptoms can include nausea, stomach pain, vomiting (may be blood streaked), headache, ringing in the ears, contusion and shaky eye movement. A bligh dose, drowsiness, chet pain, papitations, tass of constitueness, convolisions (mainly in children), weakness and dizziness, blood in urine, cicl body feeling, and breathing problems have been reported.

# If you forget to give the medicine

If you forget a dose, give the next dose when needed, provided that the last dose was taken at least 4 hours ago. **Do not** take a double dose. 4 Possible side-effects

CALPROFEN® can have side-effects, like all medicines, although these don't affect everyone and are usually mild. The most common side-effect is irritation of the stomach which can cause problems (e.g. indigestion, heartburn) in some patients.

## If your child experiences any of the following, stop giving the medicine and seek immediate medical help: blood in the faeces (stools/motions)

#### black tarry stools

- black tarry stock:
   vomiting block of rafk particles that look like ground coffee unexplained whereing, shortness of breath, short rash (which may be severe and include bileting or pering of the skint, black lightheaddeness or racing hear of hold retention e.g. swellen ankes stiff neck. headden, nausea, vomition, fever and discrimination.
   a severe skin reaction known as DRESS syndhome can occur. Symptoms of DESS include: sint ank, fever, swelling of hymh nodes and an increase of eestinghis is type of white block cell.
- a red, scary whoespread rash who burns once the skill and blacks s mainly localized on the skill folds, trunk, and upper extremities accompanied by fever at the initiation of treatment (acute generalised exanthematous pustulosis). See also section 2.

- If your child experiences any of the following, stop giving this medicine and tell your doctor: unexplained stomach pain, indigestion, heartburn, feeling sick and/or vomiting. vomiting.
   yellowing of the eyes and/or skin, which may be a sign of liver
- problems. severe sore throat with high fever. unexplained bruising or tiredness or getting more infections (such as colds) than usual.

# Other effects which may occur are listed below:

# Uncommon: headache

diarrhoea, wind or constipation. If any of these become troublesome or last more than a few days, tell your doctor

# Very rare: kidney problems may occur with Ibuprofen. stroke or heart problems may occur with Ibuprofen, but this is very

unlikely at the doses given to children.
 worsening of colitis and Crohn's disease.